

Appendix table 3-1.

U.S. scientists and engineers, by S&E degree status and labor force status: 1997

S&E degree status	Total	Labor Force Status				Not in labor force
		Employed			Unem- ployed	
		Total	In S&E	In non-S&E		
Scientists and engineers, total.....	12,530,700	10,585,600	3,369,400	7,216,200	193,700	1,751,400
Educated in S&E	11,962,100	10,057,600	3,074,800	6,982,800	187,300	1,717,200
Highest degree is in S&E	9,269,200	7,704,000	2,840,800	4,863,200	150,500	1,414,700
Highest degree is in non-S&E	2,692,900	2,353,600	234,000	2,119,600	36,700	302,500
No S&E degree*	568,600	528,000	294,600	233,400	6,400	34,100

*The persons without S&E degrees or jobs in 1997 represent individuals who had S&E jobs in 1993, but had later moved to non-S&E jobs, became unemployed, or had moved out of the labor force.

NOTES: The term "Scientists and Engineers" (S&Es) includes all persons who have ever received a bachelor's degree or higher in a science or engineering (S&E) field, plus persons holding a non-S&E bachelor's or higher degree who were employed in a S&E occupation during either the 1993, 1995 or 1997 SESTAT surveys. Figures are rounded to nearest hundred. Details may not add to total because of rounding.

SOURCE: National Science Foundation, Division of Science Resources Studies (NSF/SRS), Scientists and Engineers Statistical Data System, 1997.

See page 3-3 in Volume 1.

Science and Engineering Indicators – 2000